



PATIENT

Bailey Reed

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Pug Mix

SEX

Female Spayed

AGE

14 years

WEIGHT

36lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen Lamy,
DVM, DACVIM
(Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kim Liedberg

HOSPITAL NAME

SVS Imaging WI

REFERRING VET

Dr. Bittner/Thompson

INVOICE

29157

DATE

2/21/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Presented to WVRC ER for lethargy and rapid breathing on 2/19/23. Diagnosed with pericardial effusion. Radiographs taken post tap. Removed approximately 50mls of bloody fluid. History of hypertension and slightly elevated kidney enzymes 1 month ago. History of MCT.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS *NOTE: Images submitted for supplemental cardiac information only. Normal cardiac silhouette. No obvious evidence of CHF.

ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS *Note: Single lead ECGs are evaluated as a rhythm strip. Morphology/MEA cannot be definitively commented on.

A single lead ECG is available; 25mm/s, 10mm/mV. The average heart rate is 140bpm with a largely regular rhythm. The rhythm is sinus in origin, with a p for every QRS complex and vice versa. The P and QRS morphologies are positive. No ectopic beats, pauses or other dysrhythmias observed.

ECG diagnosis: Normal sinus rhythm.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Mild thickening of the anterior leaflet of the mitral valve with no obvious prolapse into the left atrial lumen. No mitral regurgitation with normal left atrial dimension. Normal LV diameter with low normal myocardial function. Normal LV wall thickness. Tricuspid valve appears normal in form and function with trace TR. Normal velocity. Normal right atrial and ventricular diameter and morphology indicating no overt evidence of pulmonary arterial hypertension. No obvious tumor in the AV groove or attached to the auricle; however, this is not definitive. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. Normal aortic outflow velocity; laminar flow. Normal pulmonic outflow velocity; laminar flow. No aortic or pulmonic insufficiency. No pericardial or pleural effusion seen.

CARDIAC CHART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	NA	2.0	1.5	1.1	42	74	0.48
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	100	1.4	1.2	16.3	2.7	2.8	1.6
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
*Note: All measurements based upon multi-modal images and methods. An average value is reported.				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)
				25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
				30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
				35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
				40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
				50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998
Rishniw M and Hollis NE, J Vet Intern Med 2000; 14:429-435
Hansson et al, Vet Rad and Ultrasound 2002
Bonagura et al. Echocardiography: principles of interpretation, Vet Clin North Am 15:1177, 1995

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

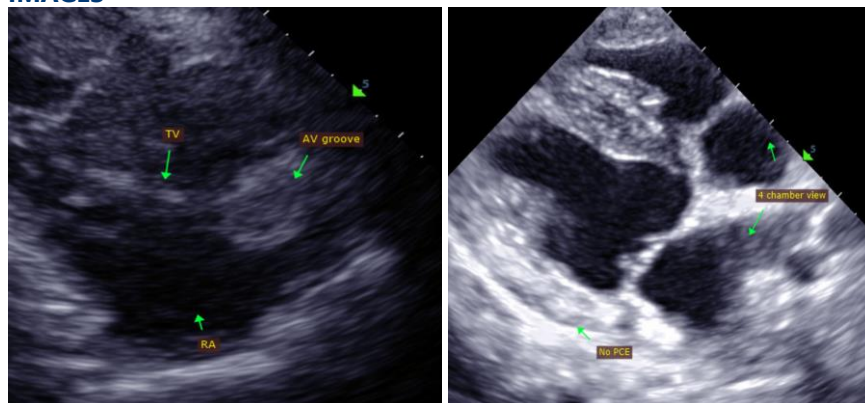
The two most common causes of hemorrhagic pericardial effusion are idiopathic and neoplastic. Less commonly, pericarditis (an inflammatory condition), a left atrial tear, or a bleeding disorder should also be considered. Idiopathic by definition means that a cause cannot be found. If diagnosed (a rule out diagnosis), the long-term prognosis with idiopathic effusion has the potential to be good. Cardiac decompensation is not a rule out for hemorrhagic effusion, however, should always be considered in cases of non-hemorrhagic (transudate, etc.) results. Regardless, the cardiac structure and function was found to be largely normal in this study without an obvious tumor or inciting cause identified. The ECG is unremarkable with a normal sinus rhythm.

Even with this encouraging finding, a small extra-cardiac lesion can easily be missed on 2d ultrasound, particularly in the absence of effusion. A thoracic CT may be reasonable to further screen the external surface of the heart. Additionally, full systemic work up to look for additional lesions (AUS, CXR, etc.) can also be considered.

Regardless of underlying cause, it is impossible to predict if and when pericardial effusion will recur. Some patients with idiopathic effusion need to be tapped between 1 and 3 times then never again. Other patients may experience frequent recurrence with either HSA or idiopathic disease. If the effusion reoccurs frequently, a surgical procedure called a pericardiectomy can be discussed.

No cardiac medications are clearly indicated at this time. Over the counter herbal supplement Yunnan Baiyao (aka Yunnan Paiyao) may help decrease risk of bleeding, however true benefit is speculative (1 capsule PO BID). Please monitor at home for signs of recurrent pericardial effusion including pale gums, difficulty breathing, lethargy/collapse, cough, exercise intolerance, abdominal distention, vomiting, and/or inappetence. If you notice any of these symptoms, urgent evaluation should be sought.

A recheck echocardiogram is recommended in 2-3 months to reassess the surface of the heart and screen for recurrent effusion, sooner if any recurrence of clinical signs.

IMAGES

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svsmobileimaging.com 309 - 737 - 3070



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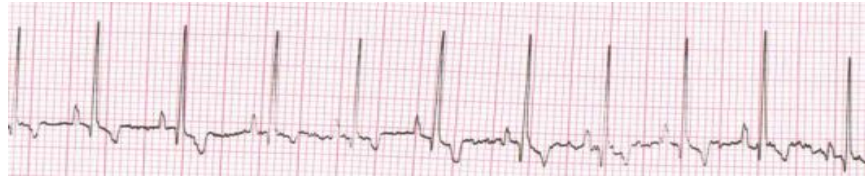
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
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